WE CLAIM:

1. A method for treating Huntington's disease comprising administering an effective amount of a NAALADase inhibitor to a mammal in need of such treatment.

5

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the NAALADase inhibitor is an acid containing a metal binding group.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the NAALADase 10 inhibitor is a compound of formula I

or an enantiomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable equivalent of said compound, wherein:

15 X is a moiety of formula II, III or IV

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 \hline
 & Z \\
\hline
 & R^1 \\
\hline
 & R^2 \\
\hline
 & R^2
\end{array}$$
III

$$\mathbb{R}^3$$
  $\mathbb{S}$   $\mathbb{R}^1$   $\mathbb{R}^2$   $\mathbb{R}^2$   $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

IV;

Z is SH, SO<sub>3</sub>H, SO<sub>2</sub>H, SOH, SO(NH)R<sup>4</sup> or S(NHR<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>;

B is N or CR6;

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A is O, S,  $CR^7R^8$  or  $(CR^7R^8)_mS$ ;

m and n are independently 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

R,  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are independently hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_9$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl,  $C_5$ - $C_7$  cycloalkenyl, Ar, hydroxy, carboxy, carbonyl, amino, cyano, isocyano, nitro, sulfonyl, sulfoxy, thio, thiocarbonyl, thiocyano, formanilido, thioformamido, sulfhydryl, halo, haloalkyl, trifluoromethyl or oxy, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl are independently unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent(s); and

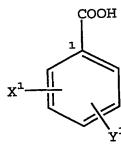
Ar is a carbocyclic or heterocyclic moiety, which is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent(s);

provided that when X is a moiety of formula II and A is 0, then n is 2, 3 or 4; when X is a moiety of formula II and A is S, then n is 2, 3 or 4; and when X is a moiety of formula II and A is  $(CR^7R^8)_mS$ , then n is 0, 2, 3 or 4.

- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein:
- 10 X is a moiety of formula II;
  - n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;
  - Z is SH, SO<sub>3</sub>H, SO<sub>2</sub>H, SOH or S(NHR<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>5</sup>; and
  - A is O, S or  $CR^7R^8$ .
- 15 5. The method of claim 4, wherein Z is SH.
  - 6. The method of claim 5, wherein R is  $-(CH_2)_2COOH$ .
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the NAALADase 20 inhibitor is selected from:
  - 2-(2-sulfanylethyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 3-(2-sulfanylethyl)-1,3,5-pentanetricarboxylic acid;
  - 2-(2-sulfanylpropyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(2-sulfanylbutyl)pentanedioic acid;

2-(2-sulfanyl-2-phenylethyl)pentanedioic acid;

- 2-(2-sulfanylhexyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(2-sulfanyl-1-methylethyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-[1-(sulfanylmethyl)propyl]pentanedioic acid;
- 5 2-(3-sulfanylpentyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(3-sulfanylpropyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(3-sulfanyl-2-methylpropyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(3-sulfanyl-2-phenylpropyl)pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(3-sulfanylbutyl)pentanedioic acid;
- 2-[3-sulfanyl-2-(phenylmethyl)propyl]pentanedioic
  acid;
  - 2-[2-(sulfanylmethyl)butyl]pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-[2-(sulfanylmethyl)pentyl]pentanedioic acid;
  - 2-(3-sulfanyl-4-methylpentyl)pentanedioic acid; and
- 15 enantiomers and pharmaceutically acceptable equivalents.
  - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the NAALADase inhibitor is a compound of formula  $\boldsymbol{V}$



v

or an enantiomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable equivalent of said compound, wherein:

 $X^1$  is  $-W-Z^1$ ;

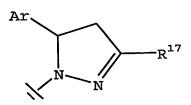
5 W is a bond or a linking group;

 $Z^1$  is a terminal group; and

 $Y^1$  is -COOH oriented meta or para relative to C-1.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein:

10  $X^1$  is  $-(CR^9R^{10})_nNH(CR^{11}R^{12})_mCOOH$ ,  $-PO(OH)OR^{14}$ ,  $-(CR^9R^{10})_nP(O)(OH)R^{14}$ ,  $-NH-(CR^{11}R^{12})_m-heteroaryl$ ,  $-NH(P(O)(R^{15})OH)$ ,  $-(CR^9R^{10})_nNH(P(O)(OH)R^{15})$ ,  $-CON(R^{14})(OH)$ ,  $-(CR^9CR^{10})_nCON(R^{14})(OH)$ ,  $-(CR^9R^{10})_nSH$ ,  $-O(CR^{11}R^{12})_mSH$ ,  $-SO_2NH-aryl$ ,  $-N(C=O)-CH_2(C=O)-aryl$ ,  $-SO_2NH-aryl$ ,  $-SO_2NH-aryl$ , is substituted by at least one of nitro, carboxy or



wherein X1 is oriented meta or para relative to C-1;

Ar is a carbocyclic or heterocyclic moiety, which is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent(s);

m and n are independently 1-3, provided that when  $X^1$  is  $-O(CR^{11}R^{12})_mSH$ , then m is 2 or 3;

 $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ ,  $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$ ,  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{17}$  are independently 25 hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl, aryl,

heteroaryl, carbocycle, heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, sulfhydryl, nitro, amino or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycle, heterocycle and alkoxy are independently unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent(s); and

 $Y^1$  is -COOH oriented meta or para relative to C-1.

- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein X<sup>1</sup> is oriented ortho relative to C-1, and Y<sup>1</sup> is oriented para relative to 10 X<sup>1</sup> and meta relative to C-1.
- 11. The method of claim 10, wherein W is a bond, and Z<sup>1</sup> is -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -OH, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -C(O)(NHR<sup>15</sup>), -SR<sup>15</sup>, -COR<sup>15</sup> or -NH(CH<sub>2</sub>R<sup>15</sup>), and R<sup>15</sup> is an aryl or a heteroaryl wherein said aryl and heteroaryl are independently unsubstituted or substituted with one or more alkyl, nitro or carboxy group(s).
- 12. The method of claim 10, wherein W is -(CH $_2$ ) $_n$  and 20 n is 1-3, and Z $^1$  is -SH.
  - 13. The method of claim 8, wherein the linking groups are selected from divalent hydrocarbon chains, ethers, sulfides and amines, wherein the hydrocarbon chains, whether alone or part of ethers, sulfides, and/or amines, may be saturated or unsaturated, straight or branched, open or closed, unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents.

The method of claim 13, wherein the one or more 14. substituents are independently selected from  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkoxy,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyloxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, hydroxy, carboxy, carbamido, carbamoyl, carbamyl, carbonyl, carbozoyl, amino, hydroxyamino, formamido, formyl, guanyl, cyano, cyanoamino, isocyano, isocyanato, diazo, azido, hydrazino, triazano, nitro, nitroso, isonitroso, nitrosamino, imino, nitrilo, isonitrilo, nitrosimino, oxo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylthio, sulfamoyl, sulfeno, sulfhydryl, sulfinyl, sulfamino, sulfonyl, sulfoxy, thiocarboxy, thiocyano, sulfo, isothiocyano, thioformamido, halo, haloalkyl, chlorosyl, chloryl, perchloryl, trifluoromethyl, iodosyl, phosphino, phosphinyl, phospho, phosphono, arsino, selanyl, diselanyl, siloxy, silyl and silylene groups.

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15. The method of claim 8, wherein W is a bond,  $-(CR^9R^{10})_n-, \quad -(CR^9R^{10})_nO(CR^{11}R^{12})_m-, \quad -(CR^9R^{10})_nS(CR^{11}R^{12})_m- \quad \text{or} \\ -(CR^9R^{10})_nNR^{13}(CR^{11}R^{12})_m-, \quad \text{wherein m and n are independently} \\ 0-9, \text{ and } R^9, \quad R^{10}, \quad R^{11}, \quad R^{12} \text{ and } R^{13} \text{ are independently hydrogen,} \\ C_1-C_6 \quad \text{alkyl}, \quad C_2-C_6 \quad \text{alkenyl}, \quad C_2-C_6 \quad \text{alkynyl}, \quad C_6-C_{14} \quad \text{aryl}, \\ \text{heteroaryl}, \quad C_6-C_{14} \quad \text{carbocycle, heterocycle, halo, hydroxy,} \\ \text{sulfhydryl, nitro, amino or } C_1-C_6 \quad \text{alkoxy, and said alkyl,} \\ \text{alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycle,} \\ \text{heterocycle and alkoxy are independently unsubstituted or} \\ \text{substituted with one or more substituents.}$ 

16. The method of claim 15, wherein  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$ ,  $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are each hydrogen and the total number of carbon atoms in W is 2-6.

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17. The method of claim 8, wherein  $Z^1$  is a metal binding group.

18. The method of claim 8, wherein  $Z^1$  is -COOH,  $-COR^{14}$ ,  $-OR^{14}$ ,  $-CF_3$ , -CN, -F, -Cl, -Br, -I, -NO,  $-NO_2$ ,  $-C(O)(NR^{14}OR^{15})$ ,  $-C(O)(NR^{14}PO_3H_2)$ ,  $-C(O)(NR^{14}R^{15})$ ,  $=NR^{14}, -N=NR^{14},$  $-N(R^{14})CN$  $-NR^{14}(P(O)(R^{15})OH)$ ,  $-NR^{14}(CR^{15}R^{16})_{p}COOH$ ,  $-NR^{14}(CO)NR^{15}R^{16}$ ,  $-NR^{14}(COOR^{15})$ ,  $-NR^{14}(CO)R^{15}$ ,  $-NR^{14} \left(OR^{15}\right), -NR^{14}R^{15}, -NR^{14} \left(SO_{2}R^{15}\right), -O\left(CO\right)R^{14}, -OR^{14}, -SO_{2}\left(OR^{14}\right),$  $-SO_{2}(NR^{14}R^{15})$ ,  $-SO_{2}R^{14}$ ,  $-SO_{3}R^{14}$ ,  $-SNR^{14}(OR^{15})$ ,  $-S(NR^{14}R^{15})$ ,  $-SR^{14}$ ,  $-SSR^{14}$ ,  $-P(O)(OH)OR^{14}$ ,  $-P(O)(OH)R^{14}$  or  $-PR^{14}R^{15}$ , wherein p is C-6, and  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$  and  $R^{16}$  are independently hydrogen,  $C_1-C_9$ 10 alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  alkenyl,  $C_2$ - $C_9$  alkynyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{14}$  aryl, heteroaryl,  $C_6-C_{14}$  carbocycle, heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, sulfhydryl, nitro, amino or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> alkoxy, and said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycle, heterocycle and alkoxy are independently unsubstituted or substituted with 15 one or more substituents.

19. The method of claim 18, wherein  $Z^1$  is  $-NH(CR^{15}R^{16})_pCOOH$ ,  $-PO(OH)OR^{14}$ ,  $-PO(OH)R^{14}$ ,  $-NR^{14}(P(O)(R^{15})OH)$ , 20  $-CON(R^{14})(OH)$  or -SH.

## 20. The method of claim 8, wherein

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wherein  $X^1$  is oriented meta or para relative to C-1;

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Ar is a carbocyclic or heterocyclic moiety, which is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent(s);

m and n are independently 1-3, provided that when  $X^1$  is  $-O\left(CR^{11}R^{12}\right)_mSH$ , then m is 2 or 3;

R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup>, R<sup>11</sup>, R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> are independently hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, aryl, 10 heteroaryl, carbocycle, heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, sulfhydryl, nitro, amino or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, wherein said alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, carbocycle, heterocycle and alkoxy are independently unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents; and

15  $Y^1$  is -COOH oriented meta or para relative to C-1.

- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein  $X^1$  is -PO(OH)OR<sup>14</sup> or -(CR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>)<sub>n</sub>P(O)(OH)OR<sup>14</sup>, and R<sup>14</sup> is not H or methyl.
- 20 22. The method of claim 20, wherein  $X^1$  is  $-NH(P(O)(R^{15})OH \text{ or } -(CR^9R^{10})_nNH(P(O)(OH)R^{15})$ , and  $R^{15}$  is not benzyl unsubstituted or substituted with amino.
- 23. The method of claim 20, wherein  $X^1$  is 25 -CON( $\mathbb{R}^{14}$ )(OH), and  $\mathbb{R}^{14}$  is not H or methyl

24. The method of claim 8, wherein  $X^1$  is oriented meta relative to C-1, and  $Y^1$  is oriented ortho relative to  $X^1$  and para relative to C-1.

5

25. The method of claim 24, wherein W is a bond,  $-\left(CH_{2}\right)_{n}-NH-\left(CH_{2}\right)_{m}-\text{ or }-\left(CH_{2}\right)_{n}-;\text{ m is 1-3; n is 0-3; and Z}^{1}\text{ is }-CO_{2}H,\quad-NO_{2},\quad-NH_{2},\quad-SO_{3}H,\quad\text{halo,}\quad C_{5}-C_{6}\quad\text{heteroaryl,}\\ \text{carboxyphenylthio, or mono- or di-carboxyphenylsulfonyl.}$ 

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- 26. The method of claim 8, wherein  $X^1$  is oriented meta relative to C-1, and  $Y^1$  is oriented meta relative to  $X^1$  and meta relative to C-1.
- 27. The method of claim 26, wherein W is a bond,  $-(CH_2)_n$  or  $-O(CH_2)_m$  and m and n are independently 0-3, and  $Z^1$  is  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-NO_2$ ,  $-NH_2$ ,  $-CO_2H$ , -OH,  $-PO_3H$ , -CO(NHOH), -SH or an optionally substituted phenyl wherein one or more substituents are selected from nitro and carboxy.

- 28. The method of claim 26, wherein W is  $-(CH_2)_nNH(CH_2)_m$  and m and n are independently 0-3, and Z¹ is  $-CO_2H$  or  $C_5-C_6$  heteroaryl.
- 29. The method of claim 26, wherein W is -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-wherein n is 0-3, and (a) Z<sup>1</sup> is a heteroaryl that is unsubstituted or substituted with an aryl that is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl, halo, nitro or hydroxy group(s), or (b) Z<sup>1</sup> is -SO<sub>2</sub>(NHR<sup>16</sup>) or

-NH(COR<sup>16</sup>), wherein  $R^{16}$  is an optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_3$  alkyl wherein one or more substituents are selected from oxo, phenyl, and substituted phenyl; and  $R^{16}$  may also be selected from an aryl that is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more nitro, amino, halo or hydroxy group(s).

- 30. The method of claim 1, wherein the NAALADase inhibitor is selected from:
- 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-1,4-benzene-10 dicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-[(2,5-dicarboxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-1,4-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
    - 1,2,4-benzenetricarboxylic acid;
- 2-[(2-carboxyphenyl)thio]-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-nitro-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-bromo-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-amino-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-sulfoterephthalic acid, monosodium salt;
- 20 2-carboxymethyl-1,4-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
  - 2-[(2-furanylmethyl)-amino]-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-[(carboxymethyl)amino]-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 25 4-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;

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4-[4-(2,4-dicarboxybenzoyl)phenoxy]-1,2-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
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- 4-[4-(2,4-dicarboxybenzoyl)phenoxy]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
- 5 4-[[(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,3benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-nitro-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[(1-naphthalenylamino)-carbonyl]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
- 10 1,2,4-benzenetricarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)thio]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[3-[3-(2,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)propyl]dithio]-propoxy]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 4-hydroxy-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[(2-furanylmethyl)amino]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
    - 4-(2-mercaptoethyl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 5-[4,5-dihydro-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-1H20 pyrazol-1-yl]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 5-(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 5-[[(4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 5-[[[4-chloro-3-[[3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1,3-dioxopropyl]amino]phenyl]amino]sulfonyl-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;

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5-[[3-[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1,3-dioxopropyl]amino]-
    1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-acetylamino-1,3-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
          5-[[(1-hydroxy-2-naphthalenyl)carbonyl]-methylamino]-
     1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
 5
          5-(4-carboxy-2-nitrophenoxy)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic
     acid;
          5-sulfo-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-nitro-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-amino-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
. 10
          1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylic acid;
          5-[[(3-amino-4-chlorophenyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-
     benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-(3-mercaptopropoxy)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-hydroxy-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
 15
          5-(2-mercaptoethoxy)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
           5-[(hydroxyamino)carbonyl]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic
     acid;
           5-phosphono-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
           5-mercaptomethyl-1,3-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
 20
           5-phosphonomethyl-1,3-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
           5-[[(carboxymethyl)amino]-methyl]-1,3-benzene-
      dicarboxylic acid;
           5-[(carboxymethyl)amino]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic
 25
      acid;
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5-[[(2-furanylmethyl)amino]-methyl]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
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- 5-[2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
- 5 5-(2-mercaptoethyl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid; and enantiomers and pharmaceutically acceptable equivalents.
- 31. A method for treating Huntington's disease 10 comprising administering an effective amount of a compound selected from:
  - 2-[(4-carboxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-1,4-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
- 2-[(2,5-dicarboxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-1,4-benzene15 dicarboxylic acid;
  - 1,2,4-benzenetricarboxylic acid;

- 2-[(2-carboxyphenyl)thio]-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-nitro-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 20 2-bromo-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-amino-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 2-sulfoterephthalic acid, monosodium salt;
  - 2-carboxymethyl-1,4-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
- 2-[(2-furanylmethyl)-amino]-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic 25 acid;

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2-[(carboxymethyl)amino]-1,4-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
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- 4-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 4-[4-(2,4-dicarboxybenzoyl)phenoxy]-1,2-benzene5 dicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[[(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
    - 4-nitro-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 4-[(1-naphthalenylamino)-carbonyl]-1,3-benzene10 dicarboxylic acid;
  - 1,2,4-benzenetricarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[(2-carboxyphenyl)thio]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 4-[3-[[3-(2,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)propyl]dithio]15 propoxy]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-hydroxy-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 4-[(2-furanylmethyl)amino]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
    - 4-(2-mercaptoethyl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 5-[4,5-dihydro-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
  - 5-(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 5-[[(4-chloro-3-nitrophenyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,325 benzenedicarboxylic acid;

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5-[[[4-chloro-3-[[3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1,3-
   dioxopropyl]amino]phenyl]amino]sulfonyl-1,3-
    benzenedicarboxylic acid;
         5-[[3-[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]-1,3-dioxopropyl]amino]-
    1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
5
         5-acetylamino-1,3-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
         5-[[(1-hydroxy-2-naphthalenyl)carbonyl]-methylamino]-
    1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
         5-(4-carboxy-2-nitrophenoxy)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic
    acid;
10
         5-sulfo-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
         5-nitro-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
         5-amino-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
         1,3,5-benzenetricarboxylic acid;
          5-[[(3-amino-4-chlorophenyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-
15
    benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-(3-mercaptopropoxy)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-hydroxy-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-(2-mercaptoethoxy)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-[(hydroxyamino)carbonyl]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic
20
     acid;
          5-phosphono-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
          5-mercaptomethyl-1,3-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
          5-phosphonomethyl-1,3-benzenedicarboxylicacid;
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5-[[(carboxymethyl)amino]-methyl]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;

- 5-[(carboxymethyl)amino]-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid;
- 5 5-[[(2-furanylmethyl)amino]-methyl]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
  - 5-[2-(hydroxyamino)-2-oxoethyl]-1,3-benzene-dicarboxylic acid;
- 5-(2-mercaptoethyl)-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic acid; and
  10 enantiomers and pharmaceutically acceptable equivalents.
  - 32. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
- (i) an effective amount of a NAALADase 15 inhibitor for treating Huntington's disease; and
  - (ii) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 33. A method of making a pharmaceutical composition comprising mixing an effective amount of a NAALADase inhibitor for treating Huntington's disease and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.